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## **CLEAN VERSION OF AMENDED CLAIMS**



54. A method according to claim 99 wherein the coating is formed directly on the substrate surface.



56. A method according to claim 99 wherein the substrate comprises a substantially cured elastomeric material.



- 59. A method according to claim 99 wherein step (a) occurs at room temperature.
- 60. A method according to claim 99 wherein step (a) comprises applying a catalyst onto the substrate surface.



65. A method according to claim 99 wherein the catalyst is selected from at least one of a rhenium compound, ruthenium compound, osmium compound, molybdenum compound, tungsten compound, titanium compound, nioblum compound, iridium compound and MgCl<sub>2</sub>.



- 71. A method according to claim 99 wherein the catalyst is stable in the presence of moisture and oxygen and can initiate polymerization of the metathesizable material upon contact at room temperature.
- 72. A method according to claim 99 wherein the metathesizable material includes at least one reactive unsaturated functional group.



75. A method according to claim 99 wherein the metathesizable material comprises a cycloolefin.



79. A method according to claim 99 wherein the metathesizable material is in the form of a liquid.

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- 80. A method according to claim 99 wherein the metathesizable material is a component of a multi-component composition.
- 81. A method according to claim 99 wherein the catalyst is applied in the form of an aqueous solution or mixture and the metathesizable material is applied in the form of a liquid that is substantially 100 percent reactive.
- 82. A method according to claim 99 wherein the method is substantially free of the use of volatile organic solvents.
- 83. A method according to claim 99 wherein step (a) comprises applying a ruthenium catalyst in a liquid carrier to the substrate surface and step (b) comprises applying a metathesizable liquid norbornene monomer to the catalyst-applied substrate surface.

93. A method according to claim 99 wherein step (b) comprises contacting the substrate surface multiple times with the metathesizable material so as to form multiple coating layers.

 A method for providing a coating on a substrate surface comprising: (a) providing a netathesis catalyst at the substrate surface; and subsequently

(b) dontacting said catalyst on the substrate surface with a coating by printing, spraying, dipping, brushing, wiping, or roll coating of a material that undergoes a metathesis reaction, and (c) forming a coating on said substrate surface from the product of said metathesis reaction

104. A method for providing a coating on the outermost portion of a substrate, said coating is uniform, conforming to the outermost surface of said substrate, said method comprising: (a) providing a metathesis catalyst at the substrate surface; and subsequently (b) contacting the catalyst on the substrate surface with a material that undergoes a metathesis

106. A method according to claim 99 wherein the coating has a thickness that is less than the thickness of the substrate.

reaction/to form a coating of the product of said metathesis reaction on said substrate.